Results of the 2025 CQ World Wide WPX SSB Contest

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"Great Contest, fantastic participation as the WPX assures great fun" - IZ8GUQ

These comments nicely recap the 2025 running of the CQ WPX SSB contest. I am pleased to announce that **participation in the 2025 CQ WPX SSB was the highest ever**. Further, Soapbox and social media content clearly demonstrated participant enthusiasm, and the vibrance of the Radiosport community. The other major theme was the solar conditions - what a roller coaster!

A total of 8,474 logs were received, containing nearly 2.9 million QSOs, and over 10,000 operators were active – all are records. Europe accounted for more than half of the action and nearly one third of the contacts were made on 10 meters, as shown in Figure 1.

| | | | Conti | nent | | |] | |
|-----------|--------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|---------|-----------|----------|
| Metric | AF | AS | EU | NA | OC | SA | ALL | 2024 |
| Logs | 64 | 1,077 | 3,952 | 2,413 | 494 | 474 | 8,474 | 8,247 |
| Operators | 115 | 1,337 | 4,867 | 2,676 | 642 | 558 | 10,195 | 9,437 |
| DXCC | 23 | 32 | 60 | 25 | 10 | 18 | 168 | 165 |
| Prefixes | 40 | 301 | 935 | 580 | 122 | 152 | 2,130 | 2,088 |
| | | Reported (| SOs By Ban | d (Post Lo | g Checkin | g) | | |
| 160M | 115 | 102 | 13,887 | 1,346 | 9 | 2 | 15,461 | 14,406 |
| 80M | 2,043 | 1,408 | 123,323 | 16,733 | 368 | 194 | 144,069 | 137,58 |
| 40M | 6,422 | 20,963 | 225,320 | 89,851 | 19,994 | 7,554 | 370,104 | 402,60 |
| 20M | 18,208 | 50,167 | 408,360 | 172,808 | 15,888 | 20,881 | 686,312 | 670,54 |
| 15M | 19,203 | 98,410 | 347,855 | 220,708 | 25,940 | 33,617 | 745,733 | 730,10 |
| 10M | 37,711 | 118,640 | 318,362 | 270,645 | 35,879 | 130,934 | 912,171 | 874,16 |
| A11 | 83,702 | 289,690 | 1,437,107 | 772,091 | 98,078 | 193,182 | 2,873,850 | 2,829,39 |
| | | | Average P | roductivty | / | | | |
| QS0s/Log | 1,308 | 269 | 364 | 320 | 199 | 408 | 339 | 324 |
| QSOs/Opr | 728 | 217 | 295 | 289 | 153 | 346 | 282 | 271 |

Figure 1. 2025 Activity Level Summary by Continent

The consensus was that conditions were lousy on Day 1 and exciting on Day 2 as noted by EI7M and many others. Did you wonder what the sun was up to and why? There was a G2 class geomagnetic solar storm around 2130 UTC on March 26 accompanied by a significant increase in solar wind speed. These solar winds were enhanced by high-speed streams from three large coronal holes in the Sun's southern hemisphere. On March 28, there was a X1.1 flare peaking at 15:21 UTC. The results of these events were unsettled geomagnetic conditions on Day 1 as shown in Figure 2. The fast solar wind speed and density dropped on Day 2 resulting in improved conditions, particularly on 10M.

[&]quot;Thank you all for a wonderful, magical and great CQ WPX SSB" - PD0SOT

[&]quot;All the new and old members did experience a nice contest in a good spirit" - SX5P

[&]quot;Conditions were very disappointing on Saturday, but improved dramatically on Sunday" - EI7M

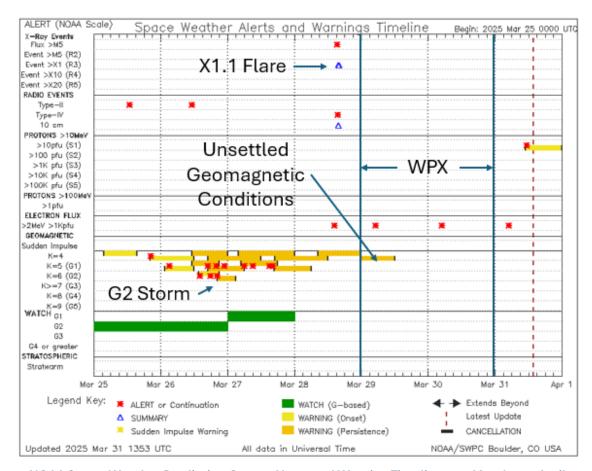


Figure 2. NOAA Space Weather Prediction Center Alerts and Warning Timeline – 25 March to 1 April 2025

Single Operator Deep Dive

So, let us begin a review of the results with a deep dive into the Single Operator categories and Overlays. There were 7,663 Single Operator entries, which are up by 141 as compared to 2024. A breakdown of Single Operator category selections by continent is provided in Figure 3. All Band, and Low Power, were the most popular category choices, and 10 meters was most selected for single band operations.

| | | | Cont | inent | | | | Average | per Entry | |
|------------------|----|-----|--------|---------|---------|---------|-------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 2025 Category | AF | AS | EU | NA | ос | SA | A11 | Op Time (Hours) | Score Reduction | A11 2024 |
| | | | Single | Op Hig | h Powe | r Entri | es | | | |
| All Band | 15 | 205 | 709 | 743 | 80 | 58 | 1,810 | 13 | 8% | 1,770 |
| 160M | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 12 | 7% | 11 |
| 80M | 0 | 0 | 17 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 24 | 13 | 10% | 30 |
| 40M | 0 | 15 | 38 | 13 | 9 | 8 | 83 | 11 | 9% | 94 |
| 20M | 2 | 16 | 80 | 18 | 5 | 2 | 123 | 13 | 10% | 96 |
| 15M | 2 | 26 | 69 | 26 | 8 | 7 | 138 | 15 | 9% | 132 |
| 10M | 3 | 56 | 135 | 57 | 16 | 41 | 308 | 12 | 10% | 282 |
| | | | Singl | e Op Lo | w Power | Entri | es | | | |
| All Band | 15 | 348 | 1,650 | 1,071 | 168 | 105 | 3,357 | 10 | 10% | 3,353 |
| 160M | 0 | 2 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 26 | 7 | 7% | 18 |
| 80M | 0 | 0 | 33 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 39 | 8 | 8% | 36 |
| 40M | 1 | 18 | 58 | 12 | 60 | 3 | 152 | 6 | 13% | 188 |
| 20M | 1 | 16 | 167 | 60 | 9 | 14 | 267 | 8 | 10% | 202 |
| 15M | 3 | 88 | 123 | 42 | 29 | 10 | 295 | 8 | 12% | 282 |
| 10M | 13 | 107 | 206 | 145 | 41 | 154 | 666 | 9 | 12% | 684 |
| | | | | QRP | Entries | | | | | |
| All Band | 0 | 25 | 81 | 27 | 11 | 8 | 152 | 8 | 11% | 142 |
| 160M | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 4% | 7 |
| 80M | 0 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 14 | 8 | 7% | 7 |
| 40M | 0 | 2 | 11 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 24 | 7 | 10% | 16 |
| 20M | 0 | 7 | 26 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 6 | 14% | 40 |
| 15M | 0 | 18 | 23 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 53 | 9 | 12% | 49 |
| 10M | 0 | 20 | 33 | 14 | 6 | 7 | 80 | 7 | 14% | 83 |

Figure 3. Single Operator Participants by Continent

Figure 4 shows operating hours by power levels for the Single Operator All Band categories; about 70% of the participants exited after 12 hours and 90% by 24 hours. There were 86 All Banders that went the full 36 hours along with 16 Single Banders. Overall, the average single operator was active for 10.5 hours, which is nearly identical to 2024.

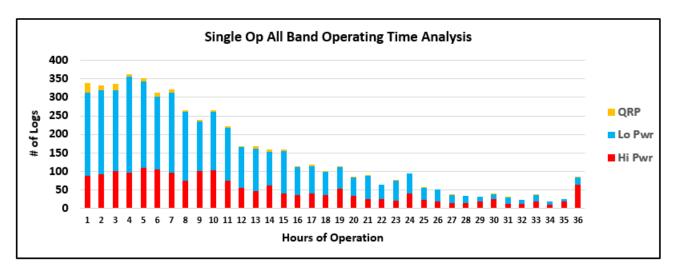


Figure 4. Single Op All Band Operating Time Histogram

Operating from an island with good paths to North America and Europe is one of the most thrilling contesting experiences, and this was certainly the case for CQ WPX SSB in 2025. Seven of the top 10 Single Operator All Band scores came from island operations, including the top three. **D4DX (E77DX) put together a world record crushing operation** on short notice. Second place went to HC8M (LU9ESD) using "comprise antennas" made of wires and bamboo. KQ2M was the USA Single Op winner and surpassed the 4,000 QSO mark for his third time. Braco, Manu and Bob posted fascinating recaps of their operations at 3830scores.com which are available here: **D4DX**, HC8M and KQ2M. The top European Single Op was RK4FD operating RT4F; this was RK4FD's third European win.

P40L (W6LD) dominated Single Op Low Power for his third win of the category. AC1U (N1UR) had the top Single Op Low Power score in the USA, surviving an ice storm on Saturday night. TM18Z (F4DSK) leveraged a unique prefix, and lots of aluminum, to take the top Single Op Low power slot in Europe for the third time. LY9A also achieved his third win and dominated the QRP category. Congratulations to frequent QRP competitor KA8SMA who achieved his first USA victory.

Single band highlights include a new world record in the 80M QRP category by E77Y. PT5J (PP5JR) won the 10M High Power category for the third consecutive and fourth time overall. SP9FIH achieved his best score ever from the Caribbean and won the 10M Low Power category as TO1P. DQ2C (DL2SAX) succeeded in his goal to set a new German 10M QRP record and won the category overall. P43A extended his15M High Power winning streak to three, and PZ5TW (PY8WW) started a winning streak with his second 15M Low Power triumph. HG1S (HA1DAE) won the 15M QRP category for the second year in a row. ED8W (EA1BP) made a last-minute decision to operate 20M High Power resulting in his second win of the category. 2025 was the first Low Power outing by TI1K (TI5CDA), and he won 20M. S51Z just squeaked by IZ1ANK to take the 20M QRP category. IB8A (I8QLS) focused on year of year improvement, leading to his first win of the 40M HP category. This was the initial fulltime effort for Z32TO, and he conquered the 40M Low Power category. IZ4AIF was triumphant in the 40M QRP category – his first QRP single band entry. HA1TJ fought off SQ9Y (IT9RGY) in a close race for the 80M High Power top spot. HG6K (HA6AK) went solo for the first time and took the 80M Low Power prize. LY0UKR (LY7M) won the 160M HP

category for the second consecutive year and fourth time overall. OK4R (OK6RP) operated over 22 hours and won the 160M Low Power category.

Single Operator Overlay Acclamations

The Classic Overlay is for Single Operators using one radio, without QSO finding assistance, and their score is based on the first 24 hours of on-time. This was the most popular Overlay in 2025, as shown in Figure 5, with an increase of 49 entries over last year. There were 74 Classic Overlay ops who made it to the 24-hour operating time limit. CQ3W (DF7EE) broke the High Power Classic Overlay world record and captured his second win. CQ3W also shared an insightful analysis of his contest operation. WK5T (N2IC) extended his North American High Power Classic Overlay winning streak to 3. The Low Power Classic Overlay winner was TO1Q (F1ULQ) using only 10 meters. The High and Low Power Classic Overlay records were both reset in Europe by IO4X and HG0R (HA0NAR) respectively.

| | | | Cont | inent | | | | Average | per Entry | |
|-----------------|----|-------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 2025 Overlay | AF | AS | EU | NA | ОС | SA | A11 | Op Time (Hours) | Score Reduction | A11 2024 |
| | | | High | Power (| Overlay | Entrie | s | | | |
| TB-Wires | 1 | 38 | 135 | 124 | 9 | 9 | 316 | 14 | 8% | 293 |
| Classic | 5 | 29 | 106 | 56 | 12 | 10 | 218 | 13 | 8% | 206 |
| Rookie | 0 | 2 | 13 | 15 | 2 | 0 | 32 | 13 | 12% | 34 |
| Youth | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 14 | 13 | 9% | 20 |
| | | Low P | ower Ov | erlay | Entries | (Inclu | des QRP |) | | |
| TB-Wires | 3 | 54 | 234 | 173 | 19 | 24 | 507 | 11 | 8% | 508 |
| Classic | 6 | 79 | 421 | 168 | 43 | 30 | 747 | 10 | 11% | 710 |
| Rookie | 1 | 40 | 163 | 88 | 16 | 20 | 328 | 9 | 12% | 313 |
| Youth | 9 | 19 | 44 | 16 | 2 | 1 | 82 | 8 | 10% | 89 |

Figure 5. Single Op Overlay Participation Summary

The Single Operator Tribander – Wires (TB-Wires) Overlay is for participants with antennas that meet the following requirements: a single feedline for the single antenna used on 20M / 15M / 10M and single element antennas for 160M, 80M and 40M. Separate receive antennas are not permitted. Participation was up by 22 from 2024. Congratulations to CT3KN for his highest score ever, setting a record in Africa, and winning the High Power Tribander – Wires Overlay for the FOURTH consecutive year. K2SSS placed first in the USA for the second time. TO1P (SP9FIH), winner of the World 10M Low Power category, also took the Low Power Tribander – Wires Overlay top honors.

The Rookie Overlay is intended to attract new contestants licensed for three years or less. The Rookie Overlay saw a growth of 13 participants as compared to 2024. Of the 360 Rookies this year, 75 were in their final year of eligibility, 130 in Year 2, and 155 in Year 1. The High Power Rookie Overlay winner was K1DC in his last year of eligibility; his contest writeup demonstrates the importance of maintaining focus even when conditions are challenging. LU2PWY, in his second year, leveraged a 10M single band entry to win the Rookie Lower Power Overlay.

The Youth Overlay targets operators aged twenty-five or younger. There were 96 Youth Overlay participants, which is down by 13 from 2025. Ages ranged from 10 to 25 with an average of 18. **Congratulations to PJ2T (W4IPC) on setting the High Power Youth Overlay world record**; this was a remote operation by a talented 22 year old. KT5J (W7WLW), age 24, was the High Power Youth Overlay champion in North America, and LY7J, age 23, captured the High Power Overlay in Europe. JG1ZUY

(JJ1AHS) won the Low Power Overlay at age 21. NU1D, age 15, had the highest North American Low Power Youth overlay results and DJ4MX, age 22, was the European champion. Kudos to new Youth Overlay record holders in Oceania – ZL2GUN High Power, YD8BUL Low Power.

Multi-Op Festivities

Figure 6 shows the breakdown of Multi-Op participation by continent. Overall, there were 412 multi-operator stations staffed by 2,133 operators. This is up by 81 logs and 612 operators from 2024, likely because Easter occurred during the 2024 CQ WPX SSB contest, diminishing operator availability. The number of stations participating in the Mult-Single Low Power was the highest ever in CQ WPX SSB and the Multi-Two activity tied the record.

| | | | Cont: | inent | | | | Average per Entry | | |
|-------------------|----|----|-------|-------|----|----|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| 2025 Category | AF | AS | EU | NA | ос | SA | A11 | Op Time (Hours) | Score Reduction | |
| Multi-Single HP | 2 | 22 | 91 | 24 | 5 | 9 | 153 | 30 | 10% | |
| Multi-Single LP | 1 | 34 | 61 | 16 | 14 | 10 | 136 | 18 | 11% | |
| Multi-Two | 2 | 11 | 31 | 21 | 6 | 4 | 75 | 33 | 9% | |
| Multi-Multi | 2 | 1 | 13 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 29 | 38 | 10% | |
| Multi-Distributed | 0 | 1 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 19 | 31 | 11% | |

| A11 |
|------|
| |
| 2024 |
| 140 |
| |
| 100 |
| 50 |
| 26 |
| 15 |

Figure 6. Multi-Operator Participation Summary

CQ9A dominated the Multi-Single High Power category and narrowly missed setting a new world record. The team at IO6T took first place in the Multi-Single Low Power category. There was a close race between CR3DX and P3WW in the Multi-2 category; both operated the full 48 hours and had nearly identical accuracies. In the end CR3DX had 20 more QSOs and 7 more multipliers and captured first place by 2%; sometimes contesting is a game of inches! The top North American Multi-2 score came from the K1LZ crowd and 9A5Y was right behind resulting in a European win. Despite challenging conditions, CN3A beat their score from 2024 and amassed over 100 million to take the Multi-Multi category. A dream team of operators that included 7 members of the Contest Hall of Fame assembled at K3LR and shattered the North American Multi-Multi record!

Rate, QSO Points, Prefixes and Logging Accuracy - The Best of the Best!

Maximizing a score in the WPX contests requires striking a balance between rate, QSO point production, and multiplier capture. This can be complex, particularly for operations from North America and Europe, where there is a tradeoff between high rates from working local QSOs versus QSO point production resulting from DX contacts. Multiplier production benefits from high rates, but sometimes rates need to be sacrificed in favor of operating on bands open to multiplier rich DX locations. Another typical dilemma is choosing between high rates on the 10M through 20M bands versus high QSO points on 40M and 80M. So, let us look at benchmarks set by stations with the highest rates, QSO point production and multiplier capture.

Starting with a look at rate leaders, we see that the K3LR Mult-Multi team logged an incredible 740 QSOs during the first 60 minutes of the contest which is highest rate ever achieved in

| Call | Rate | Call | Rate | Call | Rate |
|----------------|-------|--------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| Single Op High | Power | Single Op Low P | ower | Single Op QRP | |
| 8P5A (W2SC) | 297 | TO1P (SP9FIH) | 190 | IZ1ANK | 102 |
| HC8M (LU9ESD) | 275 | KP4PUA | 180 | IZ4AIF | 96 |
| D4DX (E77DX) | 267 | P40L (W6LD) | 176 | ZY6G (PY6G0E) | 92 |
| WH7T (WH7W) | 250 | XE1CQ | 172 | E77Y | 72 |
| TI7W (N3KS) | 243 | CU2CO | 172 | Multi-Distribute | ed |
| UB8A (UA9BA) | 240 | 9A6A | 166 | IQ3PN | 165 |
| C4W | 235 | 6Y1A (NØGJW@6Y5PW) | 166 | DR4W | 151 |
| HK1T | 233 | EA8KR | 165 | RK4W | 143 |
| WK5T (N2IC) | 225 | HI3T | 163 | ED2R | 119 |
| VE5MX | 224 | AC1U (N1UR) | 162 | DX1PRO | 112 |
| Classic High F | ower | Classic Low Po | wer | Multi-Single High F | ower |
| WK5T (N2IC) | 225 | T01Q (F1ULQ) | 136 | CQ9A | 310 |
| CQ3W (DF7EE) | 218 | КН6СЭЭ | 134 | WP2Z | 249 |
| WS7X | 204 | VE3DZ | 132 | SJ2W | 204 |
| VP5E (W1DED) | 200 | RG5A | 119 | RL3A | 202 |
| IO4X (IK4UPB) | 192 | KP3V | 116 | PW2F | 202 |
| Rookie High P | ower | Rookie Low Pov | ver | Multi-Single Low P | ower |
| HA8TA | 110 | LU2PWY | 113 | CR2M | 167 |
| HA6KG | 109 | 4X5IC | 108 | I06T | 138 |
| HA1NG | 104 | YU4YLB | 89 | BY7WZ | 135 |
| WN6A | 99 | IU8TVZ | 80 | AY9W | 132 |
| SA2T (SA2TMA) | 91 | CA6SNT | 77 | LZ8A | 130 |
| Youth High Po | wer | Youth Low Pow | er | Multi-2 | |
| PJ2T (W4IPC) | 207 | DJ4MX | 145 | J62K | 425 |
| KT5J (W7WLW) | 194 | YD8BUL | 88 | P33W | 413 |
| LY7J | 146 | JG1ZUY (JJ1AHS) | 80 | CR3DX | 385 |
| SQ2RAD | 132 | VE9ENT | 70 | EI7M | 292 |
| YT0C | 89 | JI1PUC | 70 | WC6H | 291 |
| TB/Wires High | Power | TB/Wires Low Po | ower | Multi-Multi | |
| CT3KN | 201 | TO1P (SP9FIH) | 190 | K3LR | 740 |
| ZF2SS | 192 | 6Y1A (NØGJW) | 166 | CN3A | 634 |
| HZ7C (7Z1SJ) | 181 | EC1DD | 155 | ND7K | 619 |
| UP4L (UN7LZ) | 177 | RU450 | 142 | LP1H | 471 |
| 0142 (011722) | | | | | |

Figure 7. Peak 60 Minute Rates. Stations in Blue made it onto the All-Time Top 20 Rate List for their Categories

CQ WPX SSB. A total of 12 stations made it onto the Top 20 all-time rate list for their categories as shown in blue in Figure 6. QSO rate is important: 61 of the 86 (71%) stations shown in Figure 7 were on the Leader Board for their category or overlay.

Figure 8 demonstrates that QSO point production benefits from operating at locations outside of North America and Europe. There were 10 stations with a points per QSO ratio greater than 3; only one was from Europe and none were from North America. The highest QSO point to QSO ratios were achieved by CN3A (Multi-Multi) and D4DX (Single Op) suggesting that Northern Africa is

| | | | QSO Poin | ts/QS | 0 by Stat | ions | Operatin | g 36 | or More | Hours | ; | | |
|-------------------|--------|------|----------|-------|-----------|--------|----------|------------|---------|---------|------|------------|--|
| Category | Africa | | Asi | Asia | | Europe | | N. America | | Oceania | | S. America | |
| Single Op AB HP | D4DX | 3.45 | UN9L | 2.86 | 9A73A | 2.80 | V26K | 2.81 | KH6ZB | 3.13 | PJ2T | 3.38 | |
| Single Op AB LP | - | - | UN4Q | 2.98 | TM18Z | 2.43 | AC1U | 2.67 | - | - | P40L | 3.15 | |
| Single Op AB QRP | - | - | JH7UJU | 2.78 | LY9A | 1.98 | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Single Op SB HP | ED8W | 2.91 | BD7MM | 2.22 | IB8A | 3.09 | - | - | - | • | P43A | 2.91 | |
| Single Op SB LP | - | - | - | - | IB9T | 1.71 | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Multi-Single HP | CQ9A | 3.34 | JA7ZFN | 2.86 | OL730PLZ | 2.68 | KL5DX | 2.87 | VK4A | 2.87 | PW2F | 2.90 | |
| Multi-Single LP | • | - | BYØAC . | 2.73 | I06T | 2.41 | K8DP | 2.57 | - | - | 3G2N | 2.41 | |
| Multi-Two | CR3DX | 3.30 | P3CR | 3.28 | DR4A | 2.51 | K1LZ | 2.71 | - | - | CB1C | 2.79 | |
| Multi-Multi | CN3A | 3.49 | - | - | M6T | 2.36 | K3LR | 2.38 | NH7T | 3.25 | LP1H | 2.88 | |
| Multi-Distributed | • | - | - | - | HG5A | 2.00 | WW4LL | 2.04 | - | - | PV2K | 2.90 | |

Figure 8. QSO Point Production Comparisons

especially conducive to high value QSO point production. There are 40 calls shown in Figure 7, and 29 (72%) of them appear in the top 10 list for their category or overlay.

There were 2,943 valid prefixes identified during log checking and Figure 9 shows that 68% of them were

captured by CN3A, followed by 64% at K3LR. D4DX (E77DX) was the prefix leader among single operators at 51%, followed by RT4F at 50%. Emphasis on multiplier capture might be the surest way to maximize your score: of the 40 calls shown in Figure 8 and 32 (80%) made the Top 10 list for their category or overlay.

| | Prefix | es Wo | rked/Tot | al P | refixes (% | efixes (%) for Stations Operating 36 or More Hours | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--------|-------|----------|------|------------|--|---------|------|-------|-----|---------|------|
| Category | Afric | a | Asia | 1 | Europ | e | N. Amer | rica | 0cean | ia | S. Amer | rica |
| Single Op AB HP | D4DX | 51% | UPØL | 45% | RT4F | 50% | 8P5A | 49% | YB3KM | 28% | HC8M | 48% |
| Single Op AB LP | • | - | UN4Q | 29% | TM18Z | 38% | AC1U | 33% | - | - | ZY2B | 38% |
| Single Op AB QRP | • | - | JH7UJU | 7% | LY9A | 18% | - | • | - | - | - | ١ |
| Single Op SB HP | ED8W | 38% | BD7MM | 29% | IP9A | 46% | - | - | - | - | PT5J | 49% |
| Single Op SB LP | • | - | • | • | IB9T | 31% | - | - | - | - | - | • |
| Multi-Single HP | CQ9A | 59% | EX9A | 41% | RL3A | 55% | WP2Z | 51% | VK4A | 37% | PW2F | 49% |
| Multi-Single LP | - | - | BY7WZ | 28% | IO6T | 41% | AC6ZM | 31% | - | - | 3G2N | 22% |
| Multi-Two | CR3DX | 63% | P33W | 63% | EI7M | 61% | K1LZ | 59% | - | - | PR1T | 45% |
| Multi-Multi | CN3A | 68% | • | • | RU1A | 63% | K3LR | 64% | NH7T | 46% | LP1H | 55% |
| Multi-Distributed | - | - | - | - | IB4X | 50% | WW4LL | 48% | - | - | PV2K | 49% |

Figure 9. Prefix Capture Performance Benchmarks

Accuracy is a competitive advantage that often influences the rankings. The average score reductions were 8.8% for single-op and 9.9% for multi-op entries, which are similar to 2024 (8.6% for single op and 10.0% for multi-ops). The top three busted calls were RU1A, OL730PLZ and 8P5A. The most frequent cause of incorrect exchanges

was an error in a single digit of the serial number received. Improvements in accuracy can be achieved by taking a few extra seconds to confirm the call and serial number; it is also important to verify the other station acknowledges your information. Entries with the highest accuracy logs are shown in Figure 10.

| Call | QS0s | Call | QS0s | Reduction | Category | Call | QS0s |
|----------------|---------|---------------|---------|------------|-------------------|---------------|--------|
| Best 10, No Re | duction | Best 10, Sir | gle Op, | >1000 QSOs | Best Multi- | -Op by Catego | ry, >5 |
| F4EPP | 310 | SP9XCN(SP9XL) | 1,812 | 1.1% | Multi-Single HP | S58W | 1,98 |
| SA7DXR(SB5X) | 249 | R7MM(R7NK) | 1,104 | 1.4% | Multi-Single LP | BPØP | 632 |
| S000(S01CJ) | 249 | VE6WP(VE7AWV) | 1,895 | 1.5% | Multi-2 | W1FM | 837 |
| E72U | 222 | IV3WMS | 1,033 | 1.6% | Multi-Multi | NH7T | 5,97 |
| UA9UR(UA9URI) | 217 | EU4E | 1,983 | 1.9% | Multi-Distributed | MX4Y | 4,14 |
| TM2RH | 216 | UP5B(UN6LN) | 1,579 | 2.0% | Best Yout | th and Rookie | , >500 |
| KD9V | 207 | ZZ20(PY2EX) | 1,602 | 2.1% | Youth | NU1D(N2GM) | 627 |
| KK9V(KLØD) | 204 | M1T(M3EMO) | 1,208 | 2.1% | Rookie | DD1SB | 593 |
| S52W(S52WD) | 200 | WP3C | 4,678 | 2.2% | | | |
| NC8R(KØPG) | 174 | KI7WX | 3,159 | 2.4% | | | |

Figure 10. Exemplary Log Accuracy

1.2%

1.9% 5.2%

1.9%

3.2%

Record Busting Scores

There were four world records, and seven continental records set in the 2025 CQ WPX SSB contest as shown in Figure 11. The longest standing record to change was in the Single Operator High Power All Band category from 2013,

which is now owned by D4DX (E77DX). E77Y tried the 80M QRP category for the first time and came away with a new record! DF7EE leveraged experience gained from many operations on Maderia Island to break the world record for the Single Operator Classic Overlay as CQ3W. W4IPC, age 20, operated

| | | New Ke | cora | Pre | vious kecord | |
|-------------------------------|--------|---------------|-----------------|--------|--------------|------|
| Category | Region | Call | Score | Call | Score | Year |
| Single Op High Power All Band | World | D4DX (E77DX) | 34,774,025 | CN2R | 30,683,396 | 2013 |
| Single Op QRP 80M | World | E77Y | 355,282 | E740 | 260,469 | 2014 |
| Multi - Multi | NA | K3LR | 54,745,560 | KL7RA | 42,051,076 | 2014 |
| Multi-Single Low Power | EU | I06T | 8,228,538 | ED1B | 6,555,248 | 2015 |
| | Si | ngle Operator | Overlays | | | |
| Classic High Power | World | CQ3W (DF7EE) | 15,518,594 | P49Y | 15,326,958 | 2024 |
| Youth High Power | World | PJ2T (W4IPC) | 16,260,337 | KC1XX | 15,170,455 | 2022 |
| Tribander - Wires High Power | AF | CT3KN | 16,314,204 | CT9L | 15,981,472 | 2008 |
| Classic High Power | EU | IO4X (IK4UPB) | 10,832,660 | CR6T | 9,072,305 | 2022 |
| Classic Low Power | EU | HGØR (HAØNAR) | 2,469,840 | 9A3B | 1,783,944 | 2023 |
| Youth High Power | OC | ZL2GUN | 5,246 | YC3CZV | 132 | 2024 |
| Youth Low Power | oc | YD8BUL | 1,046,988 | YC1LJT | 169,081 | 2022 |

Figure 11. New World and Continental Records

the PJ2T station remotely and broke the record despite internet problems and a power outage. Congratulations to all!

Log Checking Statistics and Disciplinary Actions

The CQ WPX Contest Committee was able to post the raw scores less than 48 hours after the log submittal deadline thanks to the timely actions of participants. The log checking process was rigorous: 91.2% of the reported QSOs were checked against another log. Of the checked QSOs, 95.4% were found to be correct; 2.5% had incorrect received serial numbers; 1.6% had incorrect received calls, and 0.5% were not found in the other stations log. The log checking process also benefitted from 389 checklogs.

A total of 83 concerns were investigated by the Committee. These included excessive power, excessive bandwidth, self-spotting, use of QSO alerting assistance in the Single Operator CLASSIC Overlay, QSOs on unauthorized frequencies and excessive unverifiable QSOs. The Committee levied 70 disciplinary actions including disqualifications (10), warnings (44) and reclassifications (16). Participants are reminded that self-spotting is not permitted in CQ WPX, operators must be attentive to band edges, particularly on 15M and 20M, and contest activity is captured via SDR recordings.

Closing

It is my pleasure to acknowledge all the volunteers supporting the 2025 CQ WPX SSB contest. They include: F6BEE, G6NHU, K1AR, K1DG, K1EA, K3WW, K5ZD, K8AZ, KM3T, KR2Q, LA6VQ, N2NT, OH6LI, S50A, W0YK, and Y03JR, along with new team members K0EJ, N3QE and PA3AAV. This is an amazing crowd, and their contributions benefit all of us in the radiosport community.

I would like to close by thanking the over 10,000 operators that rode the roller coaster to make this one of the best CQ WPX SSB contests ever! There were some incredible accomplishments, despite the poor conditions on Day 1. It is likely that we will still have the high bands next year, so strap in for another ride and we hope to see you in 2026!

Youth, Mentoring and Family Operating Stories

VE9FR/VE9ENT CQWPX SSB 2025 Expedition. Father and Son DXpedition

With a few contests under their belt including participating as NM1JY (@K1RX) mult-op in the 2024 SSB WPX, KC1RWR/VE9FR (Kirby) and 14 year-old son KC1SDD/VE9ENT (Devon) they got their VE9 licenses and packed up their station and headed to New Brunswick. Putting up antennas at the family home in VE9, they shared operating time, and in the process, Devon set a new VE-land Youth record. Here is their story:

My name is Devon Francis (KC1SDD/VE9ENT).

My Ham Radio journey started in 2022 when I was eleven and I watched my dad study for his Technician license. I love physics, so it seemed interesting to me. I received my license on Thanksgiving Day that year and my father and I took our General together in 2023 and our Extras in 2024. As Canadian citizens, we had to get

Canadian callsigns to operate up north, so we acquired our Basic with Honors privileges in the summer of 2024. The region where my Canadian family lives, New Brunswick, doesn't have a ton of Hams, so we both realized that this was a prime place from which to operate for CQWPX.

We knew that this was going to be more like POTA than setting up a new base station because this would be a non-permanent setup, and we had only a few days to prepare. We brought our FT-DX10, as well as our Palstar AT2KD manual tuner and a 40m doublet. We borrowed a HexBeam from a friend, and we brought a Windows laptop for logging.

We arrived at my grandmother's house on the Thursday before the contest and immediately began setting up. We started putting the HexBeam together in the garage, but it soon became obvious that it was a lot larger than we

had remembered. We then finished setting it up outside. In a snow squall. This was when I discovered my first, and greatest, mistake - I had forgotten to bring gloves. Luckily, I keep a pair stocked in my winter coats, but it was the dollar store type that doesn't afford much protection from the cold, and, if you touch something wet, like a HexBeam in a snow squall, becomes useless. Gloves aside, the setup went well. The snow squall came in and out, and we had the antenna guyed and working by the evening. The next day a cousin came over and used a bow to shoot lines into the trees for our doublet. The swoosh of his arrows was impressive! We were set up and tested in time for the contest to start at 9 pm local time on Friday.

On that first evening of the contest, I used a strategy that I have used before to great effect. I started calling CQ about fifteen minutes before as if I was doing casual DX and contacted a few people who were testing out their rigs. This meant that all I had to do when 9:00 came was to switch to CQ contest and I didn't have to worry about fighting for a frequency. I stayed up until about 11:30 local time (in case you are wondering, that is past my bedtime) with about 100 Q's.

That Saturday my dad got up early to work Europe while I slept in and ate a delicious breakfast. When I headed down to the shack at around 7:45 local, I made about 60 more Q's before we left to see some family friends. I hopped back on that afternoon and evening and got about 100 more QSO's, although the going was a little rough.

On Sunday morning I put a few more contacts in and then we went to church. After we got back, I operated a little bit more and then broke for lunch. When I got back on the radio, I realized that I had 350 contacts. Dad took a turn, and then I got on. At 4:43 pm local time, I was doodling around on the CQWPX website, I will admit to being a little bit bored, but suddenly I saw something. I had broken the Canadian Youth Low Power record. It wasn't by a huge margin though, and I still had score reductions to worry about. I pushed with this goal, and my dad kindly let me use the radio for the rest of the contest. In

that last hour I had several fellow members of the Yankee Clipper Contest Club contact me, a huge morale boost. I finished the contest with a raw score of 372,465 points. I think I broke that record.

On our drive up to Canada, my dad and I had listened to a couple of podcasts that recommended working Europe. We never really had an opening across the pond though, so I decided to do the best I could with the US. Being in Canada meant that US contacts were worth two points as opposed to the one point they would be if we were at our home station, so it was still very profitable.

It was a great experience, on all levels. It was a fantastic chance to spend time with my father on the long drives and the even longer CQs to the endless void of space and time. Last time I did a contest like this was from my mentor, K1RX's station. Both were fun experiences, but they were very different. At K1RX's, I had access to a world-class station with full legal limit amps, a truly impressive antenna array, and an SO2R setup. (Not that I am any good at SO2R yet....) Also having your mentor right beside you makes a world of difference. While I didn't have a superstation or a mentor in Canada, I had a highly desirable callsign and a plethora of my grandmother's homemade desserts. When K1RX contacted me over the air, it was a morale boost to keep me going.

The CQWPX contest is probably my favorite contest. The emphasis on talking to so many different areas of the world is fun, and the extreme number of multipliers means there is always someone new and exciting to talk to. It is also very similar to the contests I have done at my mentor's station, all of which have been great learning experiences and a fantastic time to reach the world.



Devon, VE9ENT (KC1SDD), working the pile

Kirby/Dad's perspective:

Devon (KC1SDD/VE9ENT) and I worked this contest for the first time last year from K1RX's station. The premise of "everyone works everyone" makes for my favorite type of contest. Last summer we earned our Canadian callsigns. That set us to thinking that with VE9 being a rare multiplier for US and EU stations, a DX expedition to my mother's house in New Brunswick might be fun. My mother is a magnificent cook, so seeing family and good eating would make the trip worthwhile, regardless of final scores.

We needed to set up a station from scratch, with little time to prepare. The plan that was to put up a 40M dipole and borrowed Buddihex Hexbeam. Setup went well, despite snow squalls making fingers clumsy, and the strong wind, but not too strong for the Hexbeam. My cousin is a professional hunting guide, and a few compound bow shots later we had lines in spruce and poplar trees. We used a LOG (loop on the ground) for our Airspy SDR, a great addition which gives 360 band visibility with no need to QSY the radio. The two antennas went into our Palstar manual tuner, which also acted as a switch. That went into a FTDX10, and we were ready to warm things up. Casual contacts Thursday showed us that everything worked.

Devon started Friday night with a decent run or two, and we finished up for the night. The plan for me was based on advice from the "Contest Crew", W1DED's excellent WPX prep podcast. With a time zone (+1hour for AST, times in this report are EST) and grey line ahead of EST, and a straight shot to the EU, I got up 4:00AM EST with the intention of getting some runs Saturday morning. Three hours later, I was incredibly discouraged with only 4 Q's to show for the effort. Outside of the UK, I could not make myself heard or hear much of anything. My grand strategy to work the EU before people in NA were having their scrambled eggs was a dismal failure. The good thing is my mother made cinnamon rolls and fresh bread. Meals, check.

Devon's shift at 8am showed gradual improvement in conditions, and he began adding to his gains from the night before. We took some time to visit old family friends, and then I was back on by 12:15 EST. Again, the EU was a complete disappointment. I spun the beam to the US, and then the logjam broke. It should have occurred to me before, but operating from Canada meant the US was worth 2 points per Q, and there were plenty of mults. Ten meters opened wide, and I fought the sometimes-brutal QRM until 2pm EST, when QSB became widespread. Five hours of operating, and 123 QSO's. Not the rate I wanted, but at least something to show for it. Devon took the 2-4pm shift while I ate more and enjoyed a beautiful walk in the woods. When I sat down at 4:00pm, I got immediate reports from the EU on 15M that my signal was 10 over. Taking advantage of the increased bandwidth on 15M that comes with being Canadian, I hoped for a solid run. After 20mins or so, I switched to S&P, and actually got some good rate that way. Would I ever get a good run?

After a delicious supper (note the theme), Devon decided to have some time with the family, So I got back on at 7:00pm EST. Then it happened - between the EU and US, 20M gave me a solid run until 10pm. The majority of my QSO's came during this window. I signed off at 10pm, with the hopes of a better EU opening the next morning. I slept in until 5:15am, again hoping for 15m to EU. I could hear some of them, but they couldn't hear me. Switching to the US on 40M on the dipole, I

was getting reports from New England of being 10 over! I worked K1RX (operating as NM1JY). Not a long conversation, but when you're out there wondering if you've done things wrong, hearing advice and encouragement from a mentor on the air is an incredible morale booster. It was great to work WO1N during this time as well, a great shot in the arm to hear a friendly voice!

Devon again took the 8-10am shift. We attended the church where I grew up, and I got to catch up with some old friends. I worked for 5 minutes when we got back, and nabbed Australia. I asked Devon if he wanted the Mult, and he slid in. That was the end of the contest for me, as Devon had found a record he wanted to smash, and smash hard. He fought like a tiger until the end of the contest, beating his old man's score to smithereens.

Takeaways? Well, it's hard to describe how discouraged I felt Saturday morning. Was it me? Was it the equipment? I thought back to the Slack channel K5ZD had set up for us when our team was running N1W in January. A "back channel" to YCCC friends, to ask about propagation, or for some advice, would have provided the encouragement I sorely needed. I was following the expert advice, and it wasn't working. Keep in mind there's a reason that I'm in the 'Rookie" category - this is still new to me. The second takeaway was that operating this contest with a VE9 prefix was great. 4 points for a US QSO on 40m? Yes, please. Finally: can't wait to "dig in" again next year!



Devon, VE9ENT (KC1SDD), and his Dad, Kirby, VE9FR (KC1RWR)

AT3K MULTI-TWO

For VU2RDQ Rohit, it was his first contest entry though he was part of IOTA and DXpedition(VU7LD) in the past decade. He thoroughly enjoyed making contacts on the 10m band which seemed to open most of the time till midnight. There was college student interactions organized by NITK's SEARCH program (Owner of the Amateur Radio station where we operate the station AT3K). Many students were given a window to high speed HF exchanges by showing spectrum of Flex and ICOM 7610 radios. An intern team presented portable vertical antenna they made for 10m. More than 50 students and NCC (National Cadet Corp who have their firing practice range next to our antenna farm:)) cadets visited the site during the contest and got information on multiple projects running at the SEARCH site. Overall, it was a fruitful event for both local ham contesters and institute.

J62K MULTI-TWO

This year we welcomed two youth operators to the J62K team in St. Lucia – Violetta KN2P and Leon DL3ON. The following are their comments on the experience:

First we would like to thank the station owners and operators for this incredible opportunity to work along with and learn from this outstanding team. The knowledge and skills that were shared with us were highly valuable. The memories that we made this week we will for sure remember for the rest of our lifetime. Thank you for welcoming us into the J62K family! Of course, the propagation was not only incredibly good but also nothing like either of us have experienced ever before. We were fortunate enough to witness an unexpected opening on 10m to VK/ZL in the middle of the night. And although we barely made any 80m and 160m QSOs we could make that up by the astonishing high band pileups. The station setup was ideal, with the pool only a few steps away from the operator's chair. Contest, swim, sleep, repeat:) We are

incredibly thankful and honored that we were chosen for this great opportunity and hope that future youth coming down here will share the same great experiences!

K4SBZ MULTI-TWO

I held an Open House for hams from the Tallahassee, FL area. Nine hams attended with contesting experience ranging from skilled to none. Four of the hams got on the air for the contest. I had three stations set up: Flex 8600 with an 80 M OCF dipole Flex 6600 with a different 80 M OCF dipole, 90 degrees from the other ICOM IC-7300 with a 40 M EFHW antenna. A considerable amount of time was spent with eyeball QSOs and mentoring new hams. All but one needed to learn about Software Defined Radios (SDR) and operating the Flex SmartSDR. A couple were going to get on the air from their own stations once they got back home. We couldn't rack up big numbers because of all of our down time, but we did gain a huge level of experience in contesting, operating Flex SDR radios, operating an IC-7300, and general amateur radio knowledge. I think we all had fun.

K8DP MULTI-SINGLE LOW POWER

This was the first time that three generations of our family, John K8YSE, myself Doug K8DP, and Grace K8LG—came together as a team to compete in a contest. Grace operated the station remotely from her college dorm room as she is currently immersed in her spring term at university and couldn't be with us in person. The band conditions did not disappoint! All in all, we are pleased with our effort, and we had a great time participating together as a family

N1RM MULTI-SINGLE LOW POWER

Another fun multi-single at N1RM! I had some other obligations this weekend so KM6VRX and WA3RGH filled in for me. Actually, I spent lots of time with my feet up watching "Baron BIC" KM6VRX outlast all of us in the chair. We are

getting him into PVRC forthwith!! The bands just kept on giving. Low power impeded our S&P rates a fair amount, and we only ran when the bands weren't too insane (which wasn't very often), but Bryce proved the old adage once again that it's all about BIC! Thanks for all the Q's!

N4BRF MULTI-SINGLE HIGH POWER

This entry is for the Boca Raton ARA "Intro to Contesting- Part 3" students who participated for 3 hours in CQ WPX SSB. I have been very fortunate to mentor these fine ops who are learning the ropes of contesting so nice to see their enthusiasm! Congratulations Al, Steve and Harold. Keep up the good work. 73, Chris, NX4N

OL5G MULTI-TWO

This contest was quite unique for my station (OL5Y) - we hosted a group of young or beginner HAMs to give them a chance to try a big HF contest from a station with decent equipment. We chose the Multi-Two category and OL5G contest call. The main team consisted of male and female operators from 8 to 21 years old, with their senior supervisors operating for several hours of the contest. A total of 15 operators took turns, and for most of them it was their first experience with an HF contest. The whole event was sponsored by the Czech Radio Club headed by its secretary Liba OK1LYL.

P3CR MULTI-TWO

Great teamwork with youngsters, of which 4 of them (total 6 ops) got licenses roughly a year ago only. For them this was the first major contest. I wish propagation was better. Overall, everybody had good fun and looking forward to the next one. Thanks everyone for calling us.

S51A MULTI-TWO

What to say? We love this game! Among the operators, there are of course also young operators in terms of age (15 & 16), as well as in

terms of years of experience - license year - 2022, 2023 and 2024. Congrats to them. And of course, all honor and congratulations to the experienced operators who teach us how to be better operators from contest to contest. Thank you! We had fun!

WA3EKL MULTI-MULTI

We had the privilege of giving one of our newest crew members, Zac, KJ5BIN, a lot of BIC time and more familiarization with the station. He did an excellent job running stations.

WA60YC MULTI-SINGLE LOW POWER

This was an ad-HOC WPX SSB demonstration for the Amateur Radio Club of Alameda (ARCA) at the Oakland Yacht Club (in Alameda) by WQ6X, the club president. We ran an ICOM 7300 off of a marine battery into a horizontal J-Pole antenna atop the Yacht Club's 3-Story high building. RFI from hundreds of boats in the harbor OBLITERATED the bands, relegating us to working only the strongest stations and calling CQ only once. Nevertheless, the group got exposure to Radiosport Pandemonium (WPX-Style) and the J-Pole was given an amazing performance test.

2025 CQ WPX SSB Photo Gallery



4I1EAY at DX1PRO. Multi-Distributed



9A4V. Single Operator, High Power, 40M



9A5Y. Multi-Two. Operators: S55OO, 9A9EE and 9A5DX



CE2EH QRP station from a bicycle! Single Op, QRP, 10M



CQ9A. Multi-Single, High Power. Operators: I4UFH, SQ9ORQ, CT9ACD, IZ4DPV, EW8Y, LY4A and IK1HUS



DV1K Family Affair. Multi-Single, Low Power



DW2KED. Single Operator, All Band, Low Power



ED1R. Multi-Single, High Power.
Operators: EA1TL, EC1KR, EB4A, Valentina (dog), DH1TW and DD1MAT



ED2X. Single Op, High Power, 20M



ED8W (EA1BP), Single Operator, High Power, 20M



ED8W (EA1BP), Antennas



EE3L. Multi Single, Low Power



EX9A. Multi-Single, High Power. Operators: EX0DX, EX2M, EX7CQ, EX8MLE, I2VXJ and RT2O



HC8M (LU9ESD). Single Op, All Band, High Power



HC8M (LU9ESD) with Giant Galapagos Turtle!



HG5A. Multi-Distributed



IB8A (I8QLS). Single Operator, High Power, 40M



IK4MTF. Single Operator, Low Power, All Band + TB-Wires Overlay



IN3EYI. Multi-Single, High Power



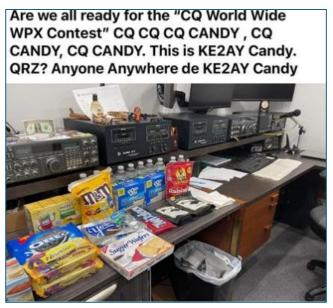
IO5M (IZ5ICH). Single Operator, High Power, All Band



109A. Multi Single, High Power



K9CT. Multi-Two. Operators: K9CT, WT2P, K2DRH; N9LQ and AB9YC



KE2AY. Single Operator, All Band, High Power



KI1P (news van operation), Single Operator, Low Power, All Band + TB-Wires Overlay



OM3KUK. Multi-Single, Low Power



OZ2ATS. Single Operator, High Power, All Band



SJ2W. Multi-Single, High Power. Operators: UR5ECW, SM2WMV, SM2LIY and SM2MTR



TA5O. Single Operator, Low Power, All Band



TI1F (TI2RF). Single Operator, Low Power, 10M



TI1F (TI2RF). Tower and Antennas



V26K (AA3B). Single Operator, All Band, High Power



VC7A. Multi-Single, High Power



VK4A (N0OJ and VK4PR). Multi Single, High Power



W2KYM. Single Op, Low Power, All Band



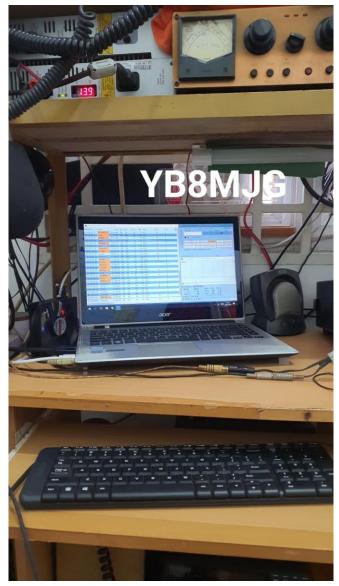
WP3C. Single Operator, High Power, All Band



WM7A, Operator W7VO. Multi-Single, High Power



WP3C. Towers and Antennas



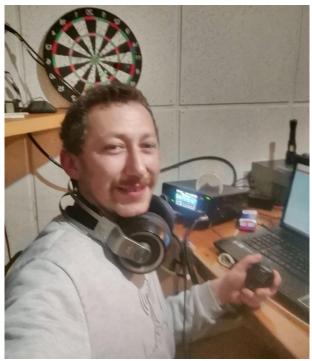
YB8MJG. Single Operator, High Power, All Band + Classic Overlay



YD8CLU. Single Operator, Low Power, All Band



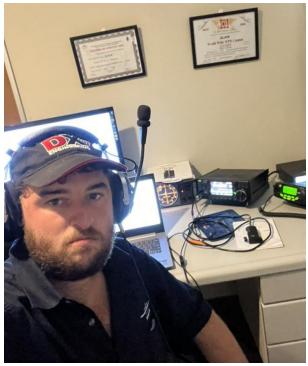
YL400L, operator YL3JA. Multi-Two. Celebrating 400 years of Liepaja City



YT3ABW. Single Operator, Low Power, All Band



YU3AWA at the ED8Y Multi-Multi



ZL2GUN. Single Operator, High Power, 10M + Youth Overlay

Top Scores - WORLD

| OTNOT E | ODEDAMOD | EW1M | 15,824 | YO8DHA | 15,486 |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | OPERATOR | S030 | 12,960 | OK1AGE | 9,522 |
| | POWER | | , | YU1P | 7,198 |
| All | Band | LOW | POWER | YO8RZJ | 6,435 |
| D4DX (E77DX) | 34,774,025 | All | l Band | QRP | |
| HC8M (LU9ESD) 8P5A (W2SC) | 25,371,888 23,679,546 | P40L (W6LD) | 11,057,235 | All Band | 3 |
| HK1T | 21,181,578 | ZY2B (PY2UD) | 7,830,704 | | |
| UN9L | 18,171,771 | AC1U (N1UR) TM18Z (F4DSK) | 5,983,208 5,720,157 | LY9A ZY6G (PY6GOE) | 939,906 461,912 |
| V26K (AA3B) | 18,068,193 | UN4Q | 5,038,572 | KA8SMA | 295,740 |
| WP3C | 17,451,575 | 6Y1A (NOGJW @6Y | 5PW) 4,276,476 | GI7JYK (MI5JYK) | 248,430 |
| CT3KN PJ2T (W4IPC) | 16,314,204 16,260,337 | XM2Z (VA2CZ) | 3,558,160 | MW7FON | 240,075 |
| UPOL (UN9LW) | 16,013,200 | SP9XCN PJ7EE | 3,462,688 3,362,590 | WP4KEY PA3EOU | 236,708 225,126 |
| | | 5K4X (KC1XX) | 3,147,030 | W6QU (W8QZA) | 192,786 |
| | MHz | , | , | PY2PLL | 191,952 |
| PT5J (PP5JR) CW5W (PT2IC) | 17,390,160 12,896,920 | | 3 MHz | JH7UJU | 169,470 |
| PV2G (PT2FM) | 10,640,610 | TO1P (SP9FIH) | 7,403,550 | 28 MHz | |
| LR1E (LW6DG) | 6,894,478 | EA8KR LU2DUV | 6,058,428 3,951,408 | DQ2C (DL2SAX) | 233,740 |
| ES7A (ES7GM) | 6,555,838 | TO1Q (F1ULQ) | 3,481,950 | 4K3ZX | 149,853 |
| KW7MM | 6,520,621 | WP4TZ | 2,937,816 | PY2BN | 148,072 |
| TM1C (F4ARU) AZ1D (LU4DJB) | 6,504,064 5,931,680 | PY7RP | 2,448,756 | WA3LXD | 133,809 |
| T77CX | 5,170,584 | PY2HT YT8A | 2,087,925 2,084,099 | K7SS YP8A | 124,992 116,812 |
| OL9Z (OK2PVF) | 5,084,328 | UP7L (UN6LN) | 1,754,052 | ES6RW | 99,715 |
| 01 | | LU2PWY | 1,748,722 | TI3GB | 97,344 |
| | MHz | | | IZ2KPE | 91,256 |
| P43A SN3A (SO9UM) | 11,049,164 9,321,984 | | L MHz | SV1NK | 76,380 |
| SN2M (SP2XF) | 9,173,088 | PZ5TW (PY8WW) 4Z4AK | 4,806,835 2,896,256 | 21 MHz | |
| DF7A | 8,919,162 | IT9STX | 2,363,606 | HG1S (HA1DAE) | 414,634 |
| IP9A (IU3BTY) | 8,310,177 | ME5W (MOHMJ) | 1,963,185 | K5RX | 274,626 |
| P35A (5B4AQN) | 7,941,648 7,351,848 | J42A (SV2AEL) | 1,102,896 | LY2OU | 214,148 |
| ES9C (OH8CA) CR6T (CT1ESV) | 6,849,784 | R9YU | 1,016,880 | JA6GCE | 165,912 |
| OG8M (OH8MCT) | 5,308,528 | UT3EV KP4PUA | 944,878 816,000 | 7N4WPY YU1NR | 70,416 66,364 |
| KU2M | 5,226,486 | HI6M | 609,178 | SP4LO | 47,804 |
| 1.4 | M | EA4EUI | 568,232 | YO5DDD | 42,450 |
| ED8W (EA1BP) | MHz 9,161,383 | - | 4 | CT2GSN | 32,265 |
| YT3X | 7,483,352 | | 4 MHz | D030I | 32,076 |
| S50K | 6,932,090 | TI1K (TI5CDA) IB9T (IT9BLB) | 3,087,771 2,518,867 | 14 MHz | |
| OH8X (OH6UM) | 6,546,800 | IZ4REF | 1,483,406 | S51Z | 235,056 |
| HG5E (HA1AH) S56M | 6,384,382 | YU5M | 1,313,606 | IZ1ANK | 218,163 |
| YT1A | 6,186,986 5,851,608 | YV4EK | 889,555 | IZ3NVR | 108,400 |
| A42K (A41CK) | 5,830,215 | RZ3Z HZ1BW | 870,750 849,590 | YU1LM SP5ENG | 87,108 49,660 |
| RA9Y | 5,147,008 | M5L (M5LMG) | 823,554 | 2E0KCD | 38,646 |
| EB1DJ | 3,703,392 | YT7BA | 783,645 | CM8CF | 22,950 |
| 7 | MHz | PY2NY | 783,104 | MM0XDG | 17,901 |
| IB8A (I8OLS) | 7,707,392 | 7 | MHz | S59ZZ | 17,082 |
| 4L50 | 6,336,000 | Z32TO | 872,515 | YO4BEX | 13,230 |
| 9A4V (9A2VR) | 6,334,720 | YO6XK | 507,528 | 7 MHz | |
| S51YI | 5,022,606 3,462,921 | DL4VAI | 369,248 | IZ4AIF | 208,208 |
| TM8A (F8DVD) N800 | 2,065,868 | SQ8MZW | 345,102 | OK6OK | 170,624 |
| ES5NY | 1,871,625 | E71T PH9B | 270,732 270,600 | PA9M SP4NKJ | 84,150 53,938 |
| HA2KMR | 1,859,132 | YP3A (YO3ZHR) | 236,640 | 4L5P | 41,194 |
| S570 | 1,757,144 | UA9R | 229,899 | YB9YBB | 24,648 |
| YT5DEY | 1,152,834 | CN8SG | 225,530 | S055K | 18,528 |
| 3.7 | 7 MHz | HI3SD | 213,824 | YG3ASG DV1TBT | 12,935 9,408 |
| HA1TJ | 1,451,919 | 3. | 7 MHz | YD3ASV | 8,400 |
| SQ9Y (IT9RGY) | 1,388,168 | HG6K (HA6AK) | 617,344 | | -, |
| SQ2PHG | 1,364,808 | OU8A (5P00) | 406,164 | 3.7 MHz | |
| DM3W (DM6DX) SN9B (SQ9OB) | 946,908 892,281 | LY7X (LY3DA) | 397,341 | E77Y | 355,282 |
| IZ4NIC | 830,060 | DJ9DJ SN4EE (SP4AWE) | 270,400 252,840 | OL4W UR5FEO | 162,852 84,258 |
| 9A5TW | 545,034 | OK2BFN | 248,805 | SP7M (SP5EWX) | 56,210 |
| 9A2EU | 240,867 | S55BA | 188,752 | SQ8NGV | 40,200 |
| W3BGN ED4W (EA4DE) | 214,768 142,130 | OK1AY | 147,150 | SP6NIV | 19,285 |
| ED4W (EA4DE) | 142,130 | OK7R | 122,605 | HB9RN (HB9FWB) | 11,592 |
| 1.8 | 8 MHz | OM6TX | 113,360 | UROFF F1DHX | 6,930 6,670 |
| LYOUKR (LY7M) | 334,334 | 1. | 8 MHz | SV1DZB | 1,100 |
| YL3FT | 238,545 | OK4R (OK6RP) | 155,709 | | |
| S56X OR7K | 227,292 93,480 | HF7A | 120,012 | 1.8 MHz | |
| WF2W | 32,918 | E79D DR6T (DL3RAR) | 82,058 41,538 | SQ9U YO8WW | 31,301 2,660 |
| YT5T | 22,321 | S50SL | 33,915 | 108WW 4L4NW | 2,660 600 |
| SP6JZL | 18,424 | YU1LD | 30,096 | E77SA | 80 |
| | | | | | |

| MU | JLTI-OP | ROOKII | 3 | YOUTH | I |
|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | -TRANSMITTER | HIGH POW | | HIGH PO | |
| | GH POWER | K1DC | 2,031,114 | PJ2T (W4IPC) | 16,260,337 |
| CQ9A | 52,015,086 | HA1NG | 1,223,511 | KT5J (W7WLW @K5TR) | 6,429,466 |
| WP2Z | 25,637,080 | WN 6A | 1,214,290 | LY7J | 5,507,931 |
| RL3A | 23,341,604 | HA6KG HA8TA | 1,158,912 1,128,125 | W7MTH SQ2RAD | 268,185 134,211 |
| SJ2W | 18,675,318 | KFOSRY | 638,389 | 9A/VA3LPZ | 130,248 |
| ED1R OL730PLZ | 18,057,835 | YC1RGK | 501,228 | YTOC | 111,930 |
| PW2F | 17,642,121 16,920,176 | ISOJRL | 298,773 | A41DV | 95,914 |
| S53M | 15,999,558 | DL1CSB | 295,040 | KQ2X | 59,274 |
| DP9A | 12,812,200 | K1TKT | 284,048 | NC8R | 50,832 |
| OK5Z | 12,480,165 | LOW POW | ER | LOW POW | ER |
| τ.0 | W POWER | LU2PWY | 1,748,722 | JG1ZUY (JJ1AHS) | 1,975,068 |
| IO6T | | 4X5IC | 1,012,389 | JI1PUC | 1,630,960 |
| ED70 | 8,228,538 6,398,271 | YU4YLB | 860,283 | DJ4MX | 1,349,985 |
| LY4L | 5,803,884 | 9A5KW | 805,008 | YD8BUL | 1,046,988 |
| CR2M | 4,659,424 | CA6SNT | 795,468 | NU1D | 601,378 |
| AC6ZM | 3,719,193 | DS1UPY | 485,694 | SP3GTP | 432,400 |
| BY7WZ | 3,312,960 | HAOSA DD1SB | 428,164 403,312 | DA6VW VE9ENT | 373,164 331,436 |
| KA4RRU | 3,248,696 | KE2CWJ | 344,761 | KISAN | 227,126 |
| BY0AC | 2,388,130 | W9USO | 330,012 | M7OJA | 223,236 |
| BY8GA N1RM | 2,387,799 2,213,235 | | | | |
| NIRM | 2,213,233 | CLASSI | С | | |
| MU | JLTI-OP | HIGH POW | IER | | |
| тжо-т | RANSMITTER | CQ3W (DF7EE) | 14,825,690 | | |
| CR3DX | 67,499,100 | IO4X (IK4UPB) | 10,832,660 | | |
| P33W | 66,040,219 | E70T | 8,920,219 | | |
| EI7M | 38,213,655 | UA9MA EE8E (EA8BW) | 7,892,877 7,699,735 | | |
| K1LZ | 37,800,594 | WK5T (N2IC) | 6,921,717 | | |
| 9A5Y | 33,735,177 | LR1E (LW6DG) | 6,894,478 | | |
| SP8R | 32,648,520 | VP5E (W1DED) | 6,420,915 | | |
| II2S J62K | 32,033,183 31,662,050 | IK3UNA | 4,903,423 | | |
| OM7M | 31,556,640 | 9N7AA | 4,549,788 | | |
| P3CR | 27,355,040 | LOW POW | FD | | |
| | | TO1Q (F1ULQ) | 2,916,817 | | |
| M | JLTI-OP | HGOR (HAONAR) | 2,469,840 | | |
| MULTI- | TRANSMITTER | NN7CW | 2,304,138 | | |
| CN3A | 101,507,538 | VE3DZ | 2,049,375 | | |
| K3LR | 54,745,560 | RG5A | 1,794,368 | | |
| RU1A | 44,183,370 | CT3IQ PU2UAF | 1,276,076 896,858 | | |
| LZ9W M6T | 42,739,520 41,667,480 | YV4EK | 889,555 | | |
| UA7K | 36,319,632 | KWOA | 869,176 | | |
| YT5A | 34,057,698 | EI4GNB | 856 , 960 | | |
| LP1H | 30,324,090 | | | | |
| ND7K | 30,233,104 | TRIBANDER/ | WIRES | | |
| DP7D | 28,484,545 | HIGH POW | | | |
| МТ | JLTI-OP | CT3KN | 16,314,204 | | |
| | | UP4L (UN7LZ) | 11,384,788 | | |
| | DISTRIBUTED | K2SSS P35A (5B4AQN) | 8,283,121 7,941,648 | | |
| PV2K | 20,959,120 | WM9C | 7,289,160 | | |
| WW4LL IB4X | 16,072,701 16,039,170 | EA1L | 6,990,230 | | |
| HG5A | 10,400,676 | ZZ2T (PY2MNL) | 6,536,160 | | |
| MX4Y | 9,552,015 | KE2AY | 6,281,345 | | |
| KR7D | 6,256,095 | AH2O | 5,637,500 | | |
| DR4W | 3,915,270 | MM9I (GM0OPS) | 4,756,290 | | |
| ED2R | 1,908,283 | LOW POW | ER | | |
| IQ3PN 9M2J | 1,423,240 1,410,732 | TO1P (SP9FIH) | 7,403,550 | | |
| 7 | 1,110,702 | 6Y1A (NOGJW @6Y5PW) | 4,276,476 | | |
| | | SP9XCN | 3,462,688 | | |
| | | PJ7EE | 3,362,590 | | |
| | | WJ1U IZ4REF | 1,768,968 1,483,406 | | |
| | | PY5FO | 1,386,882 | | |
| | | R7MM | 1,346,268 | | |
| | | W7CXX (WA7LNW) | 1,334,680 | | |
| | | WB8TLI | 1,310,946 | | |
| | | | | | |